

Active music content for web pages – Intelligent Music Localisation

Dr. Ian R O'Keefe

Centre for Next Generation Localisation, Localisation Research Centre, University of Limerick, Ireland

Overview

- Localisation for websites focuses on:
 - Translation of text (language, fonts, directionality)
 - Suitability of images (universality, offensiveness)
 - Modification of style of page (colour, layout)
 - Re-recording of any video or audio dialogue in target language
- But what about music itself?

Cultural Considerations

- Music content is often included in web sites, but how much thought goes into the cultural suitability of such music?
- Is the style, the genre, of the music in keeping with the locale of the user?
- Is the perceived emotion or mood the intended one?
- Different cultures have evolved different harmonic systems and musical scales over thousands of years
- These cultures can also derive differing meanings and understanding from music due to their cultural conditioning
- A decision to view the structures of Western Art Music as universal is a dangerous assumption to make

Possible Scenario

- A disaster-related news story presented on a website in one culture has an attached music soundtrack designed to support the sad, sombre nature of the news.
- This same website presents a sensitively-translated version of the same story for a different culture or locale, but with an unaltered soundtrack. The target audience, due to cultural conditioning, perceives the music as up-tempo or happy, and is outraged at the disregard shown by the reporting organisation for trivialising such news.



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Ireland

Tallaght isolates suspected swine flu cases



 Thursday, 13 August 2009 22:15

Tallaght Hospital in Dublin has said it is taking all necessary measures to ensure the safety of patients and staff as it deals with an increased number of suspected swine flu cases.

The hospital says that to date it has been in a position to isolate all suspected cases in single rooms.

All individual rooms are now occupied at the hospital.

Advertisement



The hospital said that it is following all national protocols and best practice.

Last Friday, an 18-year old patient at the hospital became the first person in Ireland to die from the H1N1 virus.

The Department of Health has said that 50 people have been hospitalised so far with swine flu and 21 patients remain in hospital undergoing treatment for the virus.



Tallaght Hospital
All suspected swine flu cases in single rooms

Related Stories

- › Swine flu forces Irish college closure
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Suggested Solution

- Allow music to be 'localised' dynamically
- How?
 - Recognise the locale, culture or even IP address of the user
 - Take the music on the website and alter it dynamically to better match the target culture, either in terms of required emotional response, or perhaps by category

Requirements

- A way to capture musical “templates” in music, perhaps analogous to a translation memory, or the rules embedded in machine translation systems, that could be stored for later use
- A way to leverage these templates on musical digital content as required

In pursuit of Music Localisation

- Create a system capable of modifying music via a set of basic, low-level musical operations
- Wrap this system in a user-friendly U.I.
- Allow users from differing cultural background to experiment with this system to see if they could create different moods or emotions in sample pieces
- Capture these 'macros' or 'templates' of the user actions for re-use

Existing PhD System

IOK Emotive Musicology PhD Research

Emotive Musicology Research Engine

Takes a monophonic MIDI file input and allows the user to manipulate basic aspects of the piece to produce the required result (eg. convert tonality, tempo etc...)

```
-NEW-MIDI-FILE-----  
TempoChange(120);  
TempoSpeedingUp();
```

MIDI input from file Refresh most recent file

Input file: /PhD_Root_Folder/midi files/L_ABA_4.mid

Original MIDI file Play Stop

Altered MIDI file Play Stop

Clear Console Run Script Open Script Save Script

Controls

Tempo	Pitch	Rhythm	Timbre	Harmony / Accompaniment	Dynamics	Drum Rhythm	Attack / Articulation	Time Signature	Scale
1. Next ->	2. Next ->	3. Next ->	4. Next ->	5. Next ->	6. Next ->	7. Next ->	8. Next ->	9. Next ->	10. Next ->
Apply Tempo 120 Accelerating Decelerating Constant Tempo	Apply Transpose 0	Regular Irregular Dotted Double-dotted Triplet-feel Syncopated	Acoustic Grand Celesta Church Organ Acoustic Guitar Violin Choir Aahs Trumpet Saxophone Oboe Flute Synthesiser Set Timbre	Harmony Harmony 5th Clear Harmony Accompaniment Bass triads Bass arpeggiated triads Tonic Bass Clear Bass Set Bass to piano Set Bass to double-bass	Very Quiet (pp) Quiet (p) Moderate (mf) Loud (f) Very Loud (ff) Getting louder Getting quieter	Rhythm 1 Rhythm 2 Rhythm 3 Rhythm 4 Clear Rhythm	Length Short (stacc) Medium Long (legato) Weight Even-weighted Beat-weighted Random-weighted	By beat stressing 2/4 3/4 4/4 5/4	Major Minor Pentatonic Blues Gypsy

 Original melody

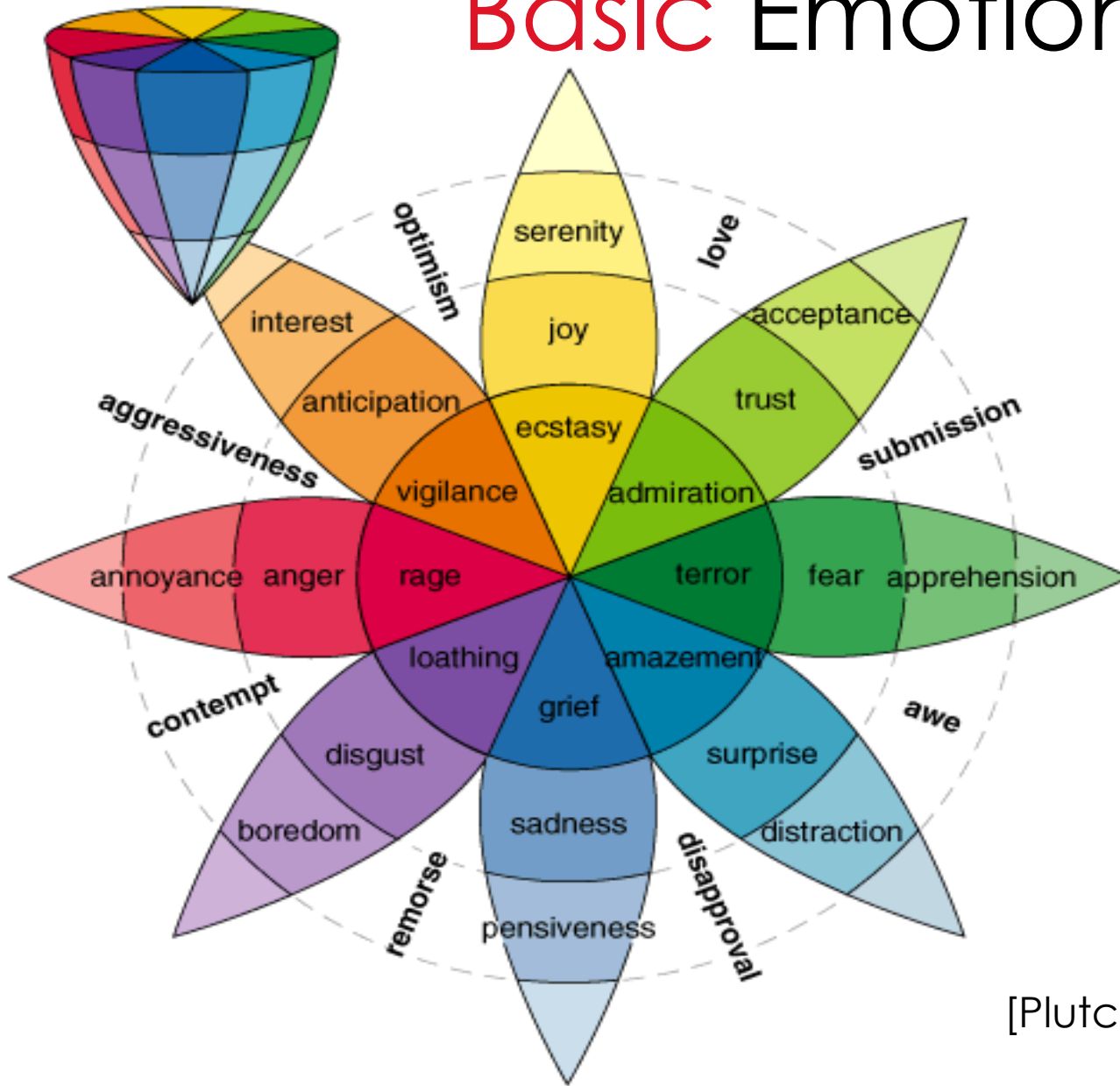
 Joy

 Anger

 Sadness

 Fear

Basic Emotions



Joy, Sadness,
Anger, Fear,
Acceptance, Disgust,
Surprise, Anticipation
and No Emotion*

(* control emotion)

[Plutchik 2001]

Main study - Joy

JOY

```
11  
10  
9 Script:  
8 TempoConstant();  
7 TempoChange(168);  
6 TransposeNotesAndKeySig(+02,0);  
5 RhythmTriplets();  
4 ProgramChange(001,008);  
3 HarmonyMelodyClear();  
2 HarmonyBassArpeggiatedTriads();  
1 HarmonyBassDoubleBass();  
0 DynamicsLoud();  
DrumRhythm3();  
AttackLengthShort();  
AttackWeightBeat();  
ScaleModeIonian();
```

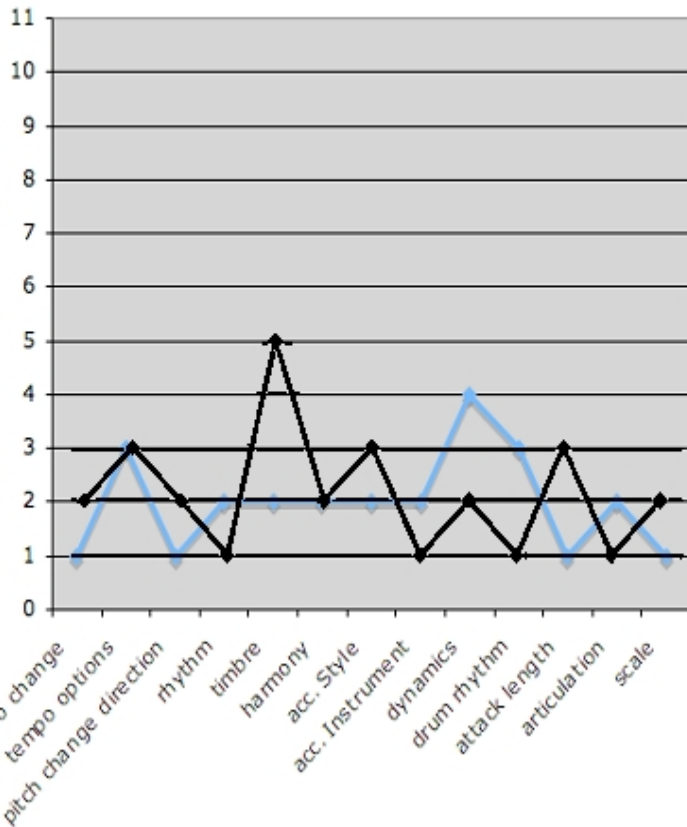
Tempo: *Constant*
Beats per Minute: *Increase tempo.*
Recommended tempo: *168*
Pitch: *Move up 2 semitones*
Rhythm: *Triplet or Dotted rhythm*
Timbre: *Celesta*
Harmony: *None*
Accompaniment: *Arpeggiated triads*
Instrument: *Double-Bass*
Dynamics: *Loud*
Drum Rhythm: *Rhythm 3*
Attack Length: *Short*
Articulation: *Beat Stressed*
Scale: *Major*

tempo change
tempo option
pitch change

acc. inf.
drum
atta

Main study: comparison of Joy and Sadness

Example: comparison of Joy and Sadness



Joy Sadness

Tempo: Constant	Tempo: Constant
Beats per Minute: Increase tempo.	Beats per Minute: Reduce tempo.
Recommended tempo 168	Recommended tempo 67
Pitch: Move up 2 semitones	Pitch: Move down 19 semitones
Rhythm: Triplet or Dotted rhythm	Rhythm: Regular rhythm
Timbre: Celesta	Timbre: Violin
Harmony: None	Harmony: None
Accompaniment: Arpeggiated triads	Accompaniment: Tonic bass
Instrument: Double-Bass	Instrument: Piano
Dynamics: Loud	Dynamics: Quiet
Drum Rhythm: Rhythm 3	Drum Rhythm: Rhythm 1
Attack Length: Short	Attack Length: Long
Articulation: Beat Stressed	Articulation: Even
Scale: Major	Scale: Minor

Adaptation to Music Localisation

- Stage 1: *Setup*
 - Data gathered in study was emotive data for european listeners
 - Proposal is to change requested emotions/moods as required and run study again in differing cultures, to create a database of musical templates
 - Online musical content would need to be tagged, so that the required response from the user was established in advance.
 - This tag could represent the emotion of the music required (happy or sad?), or perhaps its category or mood (upbeat, youth culture, news, corporate and so on).

Adaptation to Music Localisation

- Stage 2: *Realisation*

- Initial trials:

- Static approach
 - Musical content created in advance
 - Matched to user profile
 - If unavailable, default fallback behaviour could be used

- Final version:

- Music transformation routines held on website servers
 - Specific cultural versions of emotional templates held on user's machine as part of their profile
 - Web server reads user templates to select correct transformation functions, and output a culturally-localised music stream

Data gathering – The Cloud?

- Emotional template creation
 - Commission studies to create musical templates for all required locales or cultures, or
 - Enable users to create their own templates, with the opportunity to upload these new templates so others can use them also
- The former approach is similar to commercial localisation practice
- The latter could be regarded as being a variant of the crowd-sourcing model, where users would be able to create their own cultural templates for music, possibly with the option of uploading these templates for use by the global community
- The template creation system could be hosted as a web service
- Online peer voting could establish the templates viewed as most suitable by the listening community

Questions ?

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